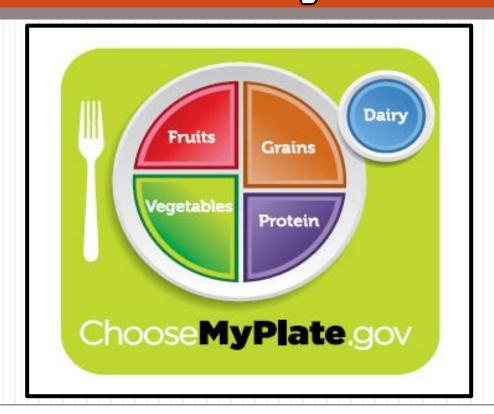
The Six Basic Nutrients & Intro to MyPlate



What is a Nutrient?

- Substances found in food that are essential for growth and energy
- 2. There are SIX basic essential nutrients:
 - a. Carbohydrates
 - b. Protein
 - c. Fat
 - d. Vitamins
 - e. Minerals
 - f. Water



Carbohydrates

- 1. Main Function: To provide our bodies with energy
- 2. <u>Healthy Food Sources:</u> whole grains, cereals, beans, rice, pasta



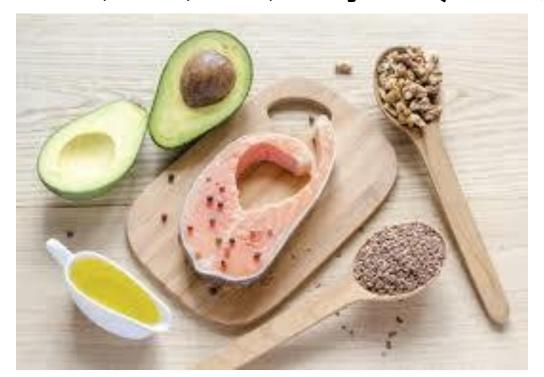
Protein

- 1. Main Function: To build and repair body tissues
- 2. Healthy Food Sources: meat, poultry, eggs, seafood, milk/milk products, cheese, nuts/seeds



<u>Fat</u>

- Main Functions: Provides "back-up" energy, protects internal organs, promotes healthy skin, carries vitamins through the body
- Healthy Food Sources: olive oil, canola oil, avocados, olives, flaxseed, nuts, tofu, fatty fish (salmon, tuna, trout)



Vitamins

- Main Functions: To regulate body functions (nerves, muscles and skin functions)
- 2. Healthy Food Sources: Fruits and vegetables (especially red, orange and dark green), enriched grains, dairy products



Minerals

- Main Functions: To regulate body functions (strong bones and teeth, maintaining fluid balance in the body)
- Healthy Food Sources: Fruits and vegetables (especially red, orange and dark green), dairy products, animal products



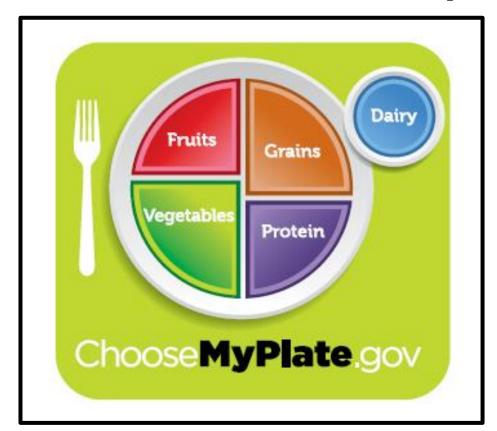
Water

- Main Functions: Prevents dehydration, carries vitamins through the body, carries waste products out of the body, regulates body temperature
- 2. Healthy Food Sources: Water



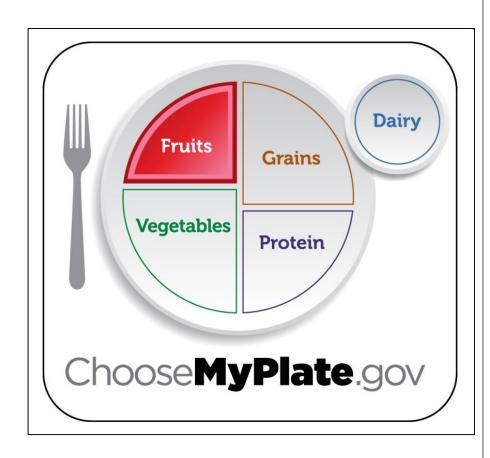
What is MyPlate?

- 1. MyPlate is the current nutrition guide from the USDA that is meant to help people develop a <u>healthy diet</u>.
- 2. MyPlate is broken into FIVE food groups.



Fruits Group

- Key Consumer Message: Make half your plate fruits and vegetables.
- 2. <u>Major Nutrients Found in</u>
 <u>the Fruits Group:</u>
 Vitamins, Minerals

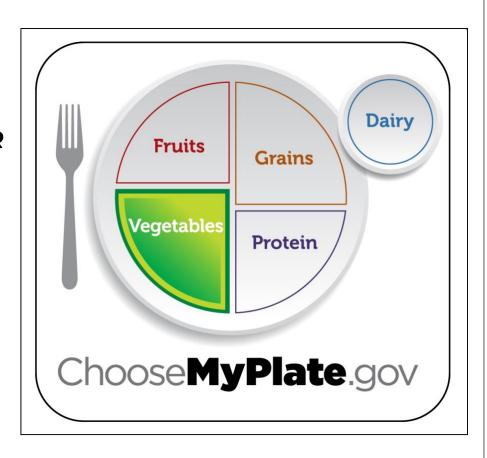


Other Tips: Use fruits as snacks, salads or desserts. Choose whole or cut up fruits more often than fruit juice.

Vegetables Group

- Key Consumer Message:

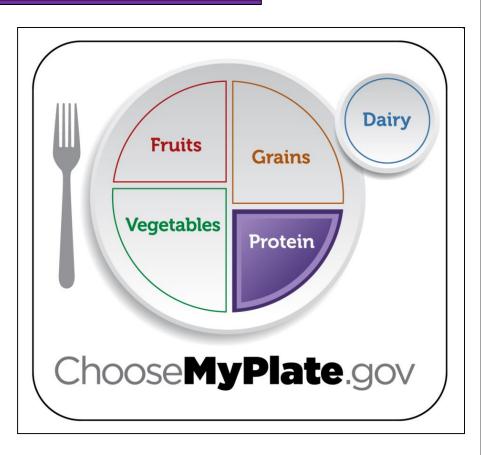
 Eat red, orange and dark
 green vegetables.
- 2. <u>Major Nutrients Found in</u>
 <u>the Vegetables Group:</u>
 Vitamins, Minerals



Other Tips: Choose fresh, frozen, canned or dried vegetables.

Protein Group

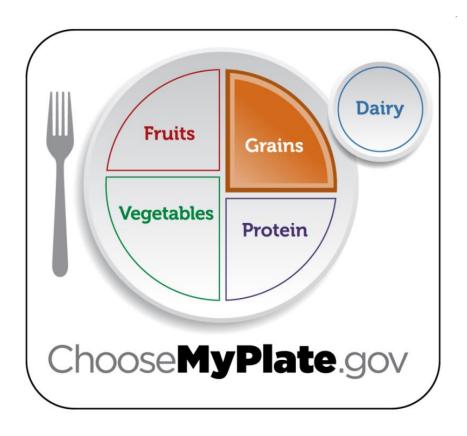
- Key Consumer Message: Keep meat and poultry portions small and lean.
- 2. <u>Major Nutrients Found in</u>
 <u>the Protein Group:</u>
 Protein, Minerals, Fat



Other Tips: Choose a variety of different protein sources. Choose 8 ounces of seafood per week. Try grilling, broiling, poaching or roasting.

Grains Group

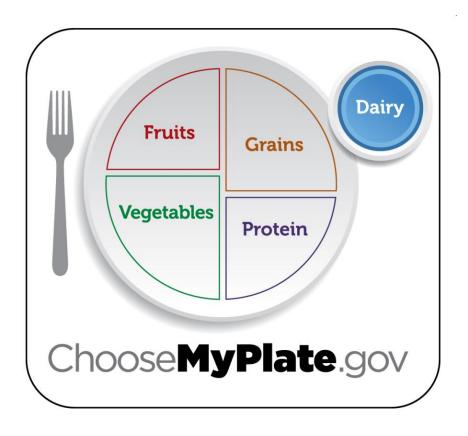
- Key Consumer Message: Make half your grains whole grains.
- 2. <u>Major Nutrients Found in</u>
 <u>the Grains Group:</u>
 Carbohydrates



Other Tips: Choose 100% whole grain cereals, breads, crackers, rice and pasta. Check the ingredients list on food packages to find whole grain foods.

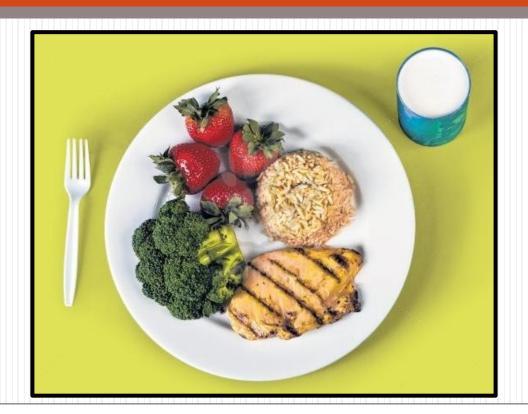
Dairy Group

- 1. Key Consumer Message:
 Switch to low-fat or fatfree milk. Get your
 calcium rich foods.
- 2. <u>Major Nutrients Found in</u>
 <u>the Dairy Group:</u>
 Protein, Fat, Vitamins,
 Minerals



Other Tips: Low-fat or fat-free dairy products have the same amount of calcium and other essential nutrients as whole milk, but less fat and calories.

Important Healthy Eating Tips



5. Choose Foods that Are Nutrient Dense

- Nutrient Dense: Foods that have a lot of important nutrients, but few calories.
 - Choosing foods that are nutrient dense are better for your overall health.



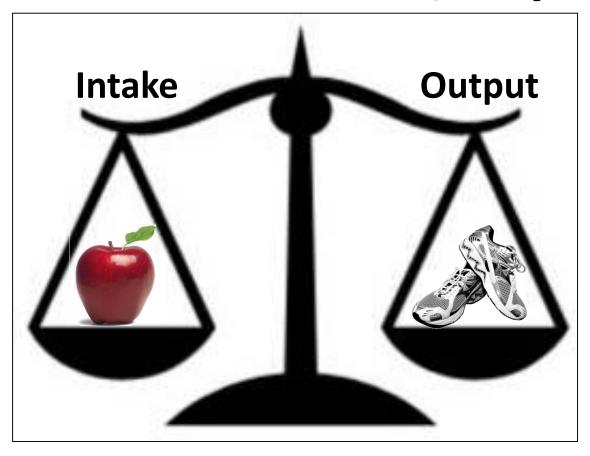
6. Avoid Eating Too Many Empty Calories

- <u>Empty Calories</u>: Foods that have a lot of solid fats, sugar and calories, but few important nutrients.
 - In some foods, like candies and sodas, ALL of the calories are empty calories.



7. Balance Calories to Manage Weight

Control total calorie intake to manage body weight.



8. Increase

Physical Activity

 Teens should be active at least 60 minutes or more each day.



9. Reduce Screen Time

 Spend less time in front of the TV, video games and phones and more time being physically active.



10. Enjoy Your Food, But Eat Less

Avoid oversized portions.



Careers Related to Foods and Nutrition



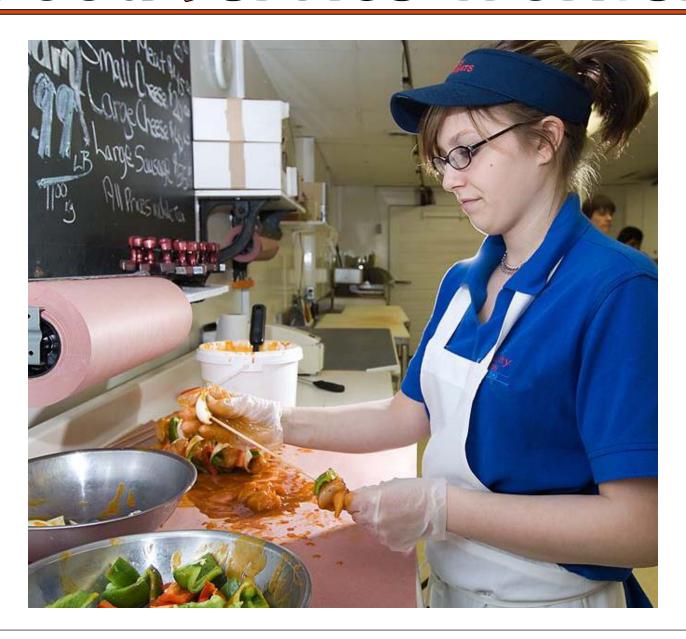
Executive Chef



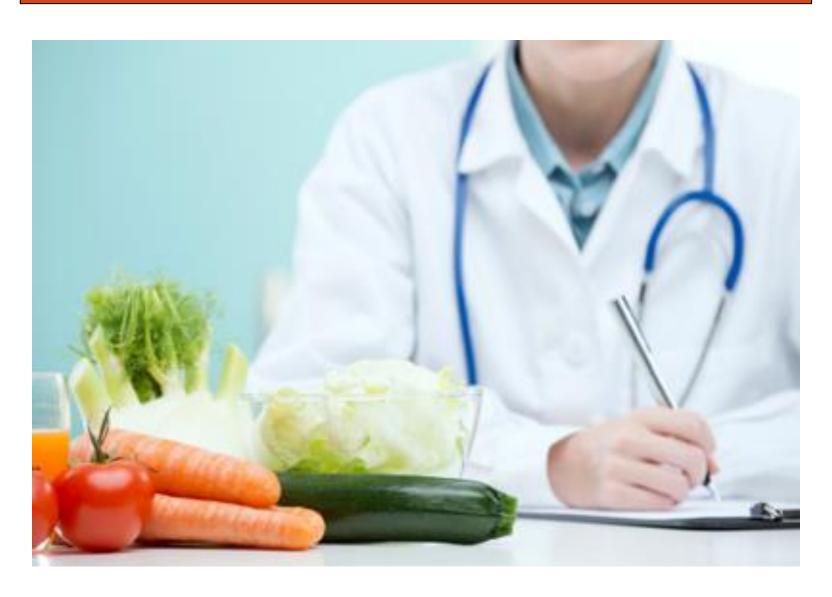
Pastry Chef



Food Service Worker



Dietitian / Nutritionist



Food Science Researcher



Agriculturalist



Caterer



Personal Trainer / Health Coach

